

(2016 Batch onwards)

G 135.2/335.2/435.2/535.2/635.2

Reg. No:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)**

**Mangaluru**

**B.A./ B.Com./B.B.A./B.Sc/B.C.A. - Semester II – Degree Examination**

**April – 2019**

**ENGLISH**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**(Prose)**

**I Answer the following in a word, phrase or a sentence each (1x5=5)**

1. What irritated the author Jerome when he started packing?
2. Who wrote the poem " She walks in Beauty"?
3. Faraday marched against the mysterious forces of \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Mention any one feature of a fixed mind set.
5. What is the reference to "iron curtain country"?

**II Answer any FIVE of the following in about 80 words each (5x5=25)**

1. How is light pollution a biological nuisance?
2. How did Harris and George make packing exciting?
3. How does Aldous Huxley explain the agony of plants?
4. Would you call Narayan Murthy a visionary? Why?
5. What are the methods with which light pollution can be avoided and what are the successful examples the author cites?
6. How has Mr Murthy structured his speech?
7. Describe the nuisance created by the dog Montmorency.

**(Poetry)**

**III Annotate any TWO of the following in about 80 words each (5x2=10)**

1. Over the white seas  
Rime white and cold  
Brigands ungentled  
Icicle bold  
Took her young daughters  
Sold her strong sons.
2. She kills her bright future  
And rapes for a sou  
Then entraps her children  
With legends untrue
3. We slowly drove – He knew no haste  
And I had put away

My labor and my leisure too,  
For his civility.

**IV Answer any THREE of the following in about 100 words each (5x3=15)**

1. Why does Maya Angelou list a number of legends and myths in the poem?
2. Discuss the various implications of the title 'A Far Cry from Africa'.
3. How does Markham present the degraded condition of man in the poem "The Man with a Hoe?"
4. How does the poet contrast life and death in the poem "Because I Could Not Stop for Death"?

**(Short Story)**

**V Answer any THREE of the following in about 100 words each (5x3=15)**

1. Give a detailed account of Appa Mam's pilgrimage.
2. What did Ivan plan to do with the money that would transform their lives?
3. Give an account of Appa mam's eccentric nature.
4. Why did Ivan and Masha start hating each other?

**(Grammar and Vocabulary)**

**VI 1) Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given in the brackets (1x5=5)**

1. She was so poor that she could not educate her son. (use "too.....to")
2. He likes tea. But he likes coffee more. (combine using 'prefer')
3. Unless you study well, you will not get good marks. (use 'if' without changing the meaning)
4. He is an eminent scholar. He is also a famous scientist. (Combine the two sentences using 'Besides')
5. Tom said 'Mother, I am hungry'. (write in reported speech)

**2) Fill in the blanks with appropriate phrasal verbs (1x5=5)**

1. He was so far away, we really couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ what he was saying. (make up, make out)
2. She had \_\_\_\_\_ fifteen dresses before she found one she liked. (tried on, tried out)
3. Whenever he sat down at the piano, we knew he was going to \_\_\_\_\_ (show up, show off)
4. The firemen had to \_\_\_\_\_ the room to rescue the children. (Break up, Break into)
5. He will \_\_\_\_\_ many reforms. (bring about, bring up)

**3) Correct the errors in the following sentences**

**(1x5=5)**

1. A hundred dollars are a big sum.
2. I will be at your house by an hour.
3. It was very kind for you to invite me.
4. I wish my legs will stop aching.
5. I will invite you unless you apologize.

**4) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below**

**5 Marks**

He was a funny-looking man with a high, bald, dome-shaped head, a face very small in comparison, a round upturned nose and a long wavy beard that didn't seem to belong to such a face. His ugliness was a standing joke among his friends and he helped them to enjoy the joke. He was a poor man and something of an idler, a stone-cutter by trade, a sort of semi-skilled sculptor. But he didn't work any more than was necessary to keep his family alive. He preferred to talk and since his wife was a complaining woman who used her tongue like an angry wagon driver using a horse-whip, he loved above all things to be away from home.

He would leave home after a hasty breakfast and be in search of a shop, or a temple, or the public baths, or a street corner, where he could get into an argument. The city he lived in, was Athens and the man we are talking about is Socrates.

One of his friends had asked the oracle at Delphi, who was the wisest man in Athens. To the astonishment of all, the priestess had mentioned this idler Socrates.

"The Oracle", he said, "chose me as the wisest Athenian because I am the only one who knows that he doesn't know anything".

1. A person who avoids work \_\_\_\_\_(choose a right word from the passage). **(1)**
2. Why did Socrates stay away from home? **(2)**
3. How did Socrates spend his time? **(2)**

**5) Imagine you are the HR Manager of a firm. You have visited a college for campus interview. Give a brief self-introduction on this occasion and explain the recruitment process.**

**(5 Marks)**

**6) Give one word substitutes for the following. Choose the appropriate answers from words given in brackets.**

**(1x5=5)**

1. To laugh quietly
2. A state of total confusion.
3. Sudden convulsive movement.
4. Something impossible to believe.
5. Think about something deeply at length.

(incredible, mull, chuckle, chaos, bristling, pulsating, spasm, tumble)



(2014 Batch onwards)

G 136.2/336.2/436.2/536.2/636.2

Reg. No.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)**

**Mangaluru**

**B.A./B.Com./B.B.M./B.Sc./B.C.A. Semester II - Degree Examination**  
**April - 2019**

**HINDI**

**Time: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

I अ) एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए -

(6×1=06)

1. अपूर्ण भूतकाल के लिए एक उदाहरण लिखिए।
2. वर्तमानकाल के कितने भेद हैं ?
3. सकर्मक क्रिया किसे कहते हैं ?
4. "नामधातु" किसे कहते हैं ?
5. "मुझसे सोया नहीं जाता" यह वाच्य का कौनसा भेद है ?
6. कर्म के अनुसार क्रिया के कितने भेद होते हैं ?

आ) किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों का उत्तर लिखिए -

(2×7=14)

1. वाच्य किसे कहते हैं ? उसके भेदों को सोदाहरण लिखिए।
2. भूतकाल किसे कहते हैं ? उसके भेदों को सोदाहरण लिखिए।
3. बनावट के अनुसार क्रिया के कितने भेद हैं ? प्रेरणार्थक क्रिया के चार उदाहरण लिखिए।

II अ) एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए -

(6×1=06)

1. अविकारी शब्द किसे कहते हैं ?
2. स्थान वाचक क्रिया विशेषण के लिए एक उदाहरण लिखिए।
3. यहाँ, वहाँ - यह किस अव्यय के लिए उदाहरण हैं ?
4. विस्मयादि बोधक अव्यय के लिए एक उदाहरण दीजिए।
5. "वह खाट के ऊपर खड़ा है" कौनसा अव्यय है ?
6. अविकारी शब्द का दूसरा नाम क्या है ?

(2×7=14)

आ) किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों का उत्तर लिखिए -

1. समुच्चय बोधक अव्यय किसे कहते हैं ? उसके भेदों को सोदाहरण लिखिए।
2. क्रिया-विशेषण अव्यय किसे कहते हैं ? अर्थ के अनुसार उसके भेदों को सोदाहरण लिखिए।
3. विस्मयादि बोधक अव्यय किसे कहते हैं ? उसके भेदों को उदाहरण सहित लिखिए।

(6×1=06)

III अ) एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए -

1. बिहारी ने नर की तुलना किससे किया है ?
2. राम रतन धन किसने पाया ?
3. कृष्ण का भाई कौन है ?
4. "चिता" किसको दहन करती है ?
5. मनुष्य को किस प्रकार की वाणी बोलना चाहिए ?
6. केवट किसका भक्त है ?

(1×6=06)

आ) किसी एक पर टिप्पणी लिखिए -

1. मीराबाई।
2. तुलसीदास।
3. बिहारीलाल।

**Contd..2**

- इ) किसी एक की संदर्भ सहित व्याख्या कीजिए -  
जिन खोजा तिन पाइया, गहरे पानी पैठ ।  
मैं बपुरा बूडन डरा, रहा किनारे बैठ ॥

(1×6=06)

अथवा

टूटे सुजन मनाइए, जो टूटे सौ बार ।  
"रहिमन" फिरि-फिरि पोहिए, टूटे मुक्ताहार ॥

- ई) किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखिए -

(1×12=12)

1. "सूरदास वात्सल्य रस के बेजोड़ कवि हैं" सोदाहरण समझाइए ।
2. रहिम के दोहों में अभिव्यक्त विचारों पर प्रकाश डालिए ।

- IV अ) एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए -

(6×1=06)

1. "चिंता" सर्ग को किस महाकाव्य से लिया गया है ?
2. "नाश का त्यौहार" के रचयिता कौन हैं ?
3. भिक्षुक के साथ कितने बच्चे थे ?
4. लक्ष्मीबाई किसकी मुँहबोली बहन थी ?
5. "पाषाणी" का क्या अर्थ है ?
6. कवि किसे अपनी मधुशाला कहते हैं ?

- आ) किसी एक पर टिप्पणी लिखिए -

(1×6=06)

1. जयशंकर प्रसाद ।
2. माखनलाल चतुर्वेदी ।
3. सूर्यकान्त त्रिपाठी निराला ।

- इ) किसी एक की संदर्भ सहित व्याख्या कीजिए -  
"पेट-पीट दोनों मिलकर हैं एक

(1×6=06)

चल रहा लकुटिया टेक;

मुट्टी-भर दाने को-भूख मिटाने को

मुँहफटी पुरानी झोली को फैलाता ।

दो टूक कलेजे के करता, पछताता पथ पर आता ।"

अथवा

जागो, पहचानो अपने को

मानव हो, समझो निज गौरव,

अन्तस्तल की आँखें खोलो

देखो निज अतुलित बल वैभव,

अहंकार औ स्वाधिकार दो मृथक - पृथक पथ है, बन्दी ।

- ई) किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखिए -

(1×12=12)

1. "पाषाणी" कविता का सार लिखिए ।
2. कवि ने "प्रभात फेरी" कविता में कौन-सा सन्देश दिया है ? विस्तार से लिखिए ।

\*\*\*\*\*

(2015 batch onwards)

G 337.2/437.2

Reg. No.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

ಸಂತ ಅಲೋಶಿಯಸ್ ಕಾಲೇಜು (ಸ್ವಾಯತ್ತ) ಮಂಗಳೂರು

ಬಿ.ಕಾಂ /ಬಿ.ಬಿ.ಎ. - ಎರಡನೆಯ ಚತುರ್ಮಾಸ ಅಂತಿಮ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ

ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ - 2019

ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷಾ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆ - 2

ಸಮಯ : 3.00 ಘಂಟೆ

ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100

I : ಕಾವ್ಯ ಭಾಗ - 1

ಅ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡನ್ನು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ

10X2=20

1. ಮಹಾಶ್ವೇತೆಗೆ ಪುಂಡರೀಕನೊಂದಿಗೆ ಪ್ರೇಮಾಂಕುರಗೊಂಡ ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ
2. ರಾಮ-ಕೃಷ್ಣರು ತಮ್ಮ ಬದುಕನ್ನು ರೂಪಿಸಿಕೊಂಡ ಬಗೆಯನ್ನು ಕಾವ್ಯಭಾಗದ ಹಿನ್ನೆಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಶದಪಡಿಸಿ
3. ಉತ್ತರಾದೇವಿ-ಅತ್ತೆಯ ನಡುವಿನ ಜಗಳದ ಪರಿಣಾಮವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ

ಆ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ

3X1=03

1. ಕರಿಕಾಲ ಚೋಳ
2. ಪುರಂದರ ದಾಸ

ಇ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದರ ಭಾವಾನುವಾದ - ಸಂದರ್ಭ - ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿ

6X1=06

1. ಮರಿಬೇಡ ತಾಯಿಯ ಋಣವಾ  
ಮರಿಬೇಡ ತಂದೆಯ ಒಲವ  
ಹಡೆದವರೆ ದೈವ ಕಣೋಲಿ
2. ಒಂಬತ್ತು ಬಾಗಿಲ ಮನೆಯೊಳು  
ತುಂಬಿದ ಸಂದಣಿ ಇರಲು  
ಕಂಬ ಮುರಿದು ಡಿಂಬ ಬಿದ್ದು  
ಅಂಬರಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾರಿತಯ್ಯೋ

ಈ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದ್ಯದ ಸಾಲುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡರ ಸಂದರ್ಭ - ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿ

3X2=06

1. ಕ್ಷೀರ ಮಧುವಿನ ರುಚಿಗಳಂತದಕೆ ಪಡಿಯಿಲ್ಲ
2. ಸಾಲಿಗನು ಕೊಂಡದ್ದು ಕೊಡನು
3. ಮೈಯನೆ ಹಿಂಡಿನೊಂದರು ಕಬ್ಬು ಸಿಹಿಯ ಕೊಡುವುದು

ಉ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ವಸ್ತುನಿಷ್ಠ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ

1X5=05

1. ಪುಂಡರೀಕನ ತಂದೆ-ತಾಯಿ ಯಾರು?
2. ಹರಿಹರನ ಇಷ್ಟದೇವರು ಯಾರು?
3. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸಂಗೀತ ಪಿತಾಮಹಾ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧರಾದವರು ಯಾರು?
4. ಎಚ್.ಎಸ್. ವೆಂಕಟೇಶ್ ಮೂರ್ತಿಯವರ ಕೃತಿಯೊಂದನ್ನು ಹೆಸರಿಸಿ
5. ಉತ್ತರ ದೇವಿಗೆ ಎಷ್ಟು ಮಕ್ಕಳು?

contd...2

## II : ಗದ್ಯ ಪ್ರಬಂಧಗಳು

- ಅ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡನ್ನು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 10X2=20
1. ಅಂಧ ಶ್ರದ್ಧೆಯ ಕುರಿತು ಕುವೆಂಪುರವರ ವಿಡಂಬನೆ ಪ್ರಬಂಧದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಗೆ ಚರ್ಚಿತವಾಗಿದೆ. ವಿವರಿಸಿ
  2. ಹಾಜಬ್ಬ ಓರ್ವ ನಿಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ, ಅನನ್ಯ ಸಾಧಕರು ಹೇಗೆ? ಪ್ರಬಂಧದ ಹಿನ್ನೆಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿ
  3. 'ಬದುಕು ಕಲಿಸುವ ಪಾಠ' ಎಲ್ಲಕ್ಕಿಂತಲೂ ಶ್ರೇಷ್ಠವಾದುದು ಎನ್ನುವ ಸುದೀಪದತ್ತರ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿ
- ಆ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 6X1=06
1. ಸ್ತ್ರೀ ಬಿಡುಗಡೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಎನ್. ಗಾಯತ್ರಿಯವರ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ
  2. ಮೌಢ್ಯತೆಯ ನಿವಾರಣೆ ಮತ್ತು ಯುವಕರ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಶೀಲತೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ
- ಇ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ವಸ್ತುನಿಷ್ಠ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 1X4=04
1. ಭೂಮಿ ಇತರ ಗ್ರಹದಂತೆ ಸೂರ್ಯನ ಸುತ್ತ ಸುತ್ತುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಪ್ರಯೋಗ ಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ ಮಾಡಿದವರು ಯಾರು?
  2. 'ಪ್ರಭುಲಿಂಗ ಲೀಲೆ'ಯ ಕವಿ ಯಾರು?
  3. ಕುವೆಂಪುರವರ ಆತ್ಮಕಥನದ ಹೆಸರೇನು?
  4. 'ಚಿಂಚಿಕಿನ ಕವಿ' ಎಂದೇ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧರಾದ ಕವಿ ಯಾರು?

## III : ನಾಟಕ

- ಅ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 10X1=10
1. ನೀಲಾಂಜನೆಯ ನಾಟ್ಯ ಪುರುಷನಲ್ಲಿ ವೈರಾಗ್ಯ ಭಾವವನ್ನು ಮೂಡಿಸಿದ ಪ್ರಸಂಗವನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿ
  2. ಭರತ-ಬಾಹುಬಲಿಯರ ಯುದ್ಧ ಸಾರುವ ದಿವ್ಯ ಸಂದೇಶವೇನು? ವಿವೇಚಿಸಿ
- ಆ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎರಡನ್ನು ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 3X2=06
1. ಆದಿಜನ
  2. ನೀಲಾಂಜನೆ
  3. ಭರತ
- ಇ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ವಸ್ತುನಿಷ್ಠ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 1X4=04
1. ನಿಸರ್ಗಪ್ರಿಯರ ಪೂರ್ಣ ಹೆಸರೇನು?
  2. ನಿಸರ್ಗ ಪ್ರಿಯರ ಜನಪದಗೀತೆಗಳ ಸಂಗ್ರಹದ ಹೆಸರೇನು?
  3. ಆದಿಜನನ ಪರಿನಿಷ್ಕ್ರಮಣಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣರಾದವರು ಯಾರು?
  4. ಬಾಹುಬಲಿ ವಿಜಯ ನಾಟಕಕ್ಕೆ ಆಕರ ಗ್ರಂಥ ಯಾವುದು?

## IV : ಕ್ರಿಯಾತ್ಮಕ ಕನ್ನಡ

- ಅ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದನ್ನು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 7X1=07
1. ಭೂ ಪರಿವರ್ತನೆ ಎಂದರೇನು? ಅದರ ಷರತ್ತುಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ
  2. ಭೂಮಿಯ ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಭೇದಗಳಾವುವು? ವಿವರಿಸಿ
- ಆ) ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ವಸ್ತುನಿಷ್ಠ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ 1X3=03
1. FMB ಎಂದರೇನು?
  2. 'ಆಡಂಗಲ್' ಎಂದರೇನು?
  3. 'ಪುಂಜ' ಭೂ ಪ್ರಭೇದ ಯಾವುದು?



(2016 Batch onwards)

G 140.2

Reg. No.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)**

**Mangaluru**

**B.A /B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A./B.C.A. - Semester II -Degree Examination**

**April 2019**

**ADDITIONAL ENGLISH**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

**UNIT - I**

**I: Answer any TWO of the following questions in about 200-250 words each: (2x5=10)**

1. Sketch the character of Jayatheertha Acharya.
2. Chughtai portrays the detrimental effects on poor women of being unmarried in a society that forces them to cater to potential bridegrooms. Explain.
3. Explore the 'chemes of sympathetic portrayal of tradition and a critique of modernity in the short story 'The Sky and the Cat'.

**UNIT - II**

**II A Answer the following questions in a word, Phase or sentence each: (5x1=5)**

1. Mention the four birds used in the poem 'The Season of Phantasmal Peace'.
2. What is the theme of Keki Daruwala's poem 'The Mistress'?
3. Which place is being referred to as 'noisy and boring' in the poem 'The God's Wake Up'?
4. What is being described as 'unflawed' in the poem 'Ode to a Large Tuna in the Market'?
5. What is an Ode?

**B Answer any THREE of the following questions in about 200-250 words each: (3x5=15)**

1. What are the images with which Neruda addresses the Tuna in the poem 'Ode to a Large Tuna in the Market' ?
2. List all the symbols and images used in 'The season of Phantasmal Peace' and explain their significance.
3. What are the agnostic elements used in the poem "The God's Wake Up"?
4. What are the main concerns of the poet Keki N. Daruwala in the poem "The Mistress"?

**C Answer any ONE of the following questions in about 300-350 words : (1x10=10)**

1. Explain the important thematic concerns in the text 'Ode to a Large Tuna in the Market' by Pablo Neruda.
2. Walcott considers the Season of Phantasmal peace as "the equivalent of prayer, a vision of peace that must be heard continually." Justify.

**UNIT - III**

**III A Answer the following questions in a word, phase or sentence each: (10x1=10)**

1. Who lost Jack when he was a baby?
2. When does Lady Bracknell start liking Cecily?
3. Who proclaims that "Divorces are made in Heaven"?
4. Who is Jack's biological brother?

Contd...2



## G 140.2

5. How did Miss Prism recognize the handbag?
6. Who is Algernon's imaginary friend?
7. What are the things, according to Aunt Augusta, that are not the same and rarely go together?
8. Who comes to collect Gwendolen from the Manor house in the country?
9. What is Jack's birth name?
10. Who says, "Some aunts are tall, some aunts are not tall. That is a matter that surely an aunt may be allowed to decide for herself?"

**B Explain the context of any TWO of the following quotations in about 200-250 words. (2x5=10)**

1. A moment, Mr. Worthing. A hundred and thirty thousand pounds! And in the Funds! Miss Cardew seems to me a most attractive young lady, now that I look at her. Few girls of the present day have any really solid qualities, any of the qualities that last, and improve with time.
2. I do not deny that is a serious blow. But after all, who has the right to cast a stone against one who has suffered? Cannot repentance wipe out an act of folly? Why should there be one law for men, and another for women?
3. I'm not a Bunburyist at all. If Gwendolen accepts me, I am going to kill my brother, indeed I think I'll kill him any case. Cecily is a little too much interested in him. It is rather a bore so I am going to get rid of Ernest. And I strongly advise you to do the same with Mr. \_\_\_ with your invalid friend who has the absurd name.

**C Sketch the character of any TWO of the following in about 200-250 words: (2x5=10)**

1. Gwendolen Fairfax
2. Miss Prism and Dr Chasuble
3. Jack Worthing

**D Answer any ONE of the following questions in about 300-400 words: (1x10=10)**

1. In the play 'The Importance of Being Earnest' Victorian values are perpetuated through courtship and marriage. Elaborate.
2. "The Importance of Being Earnest" is the best example for 'comedy of Manners. Explain.

**UNIT - IV**

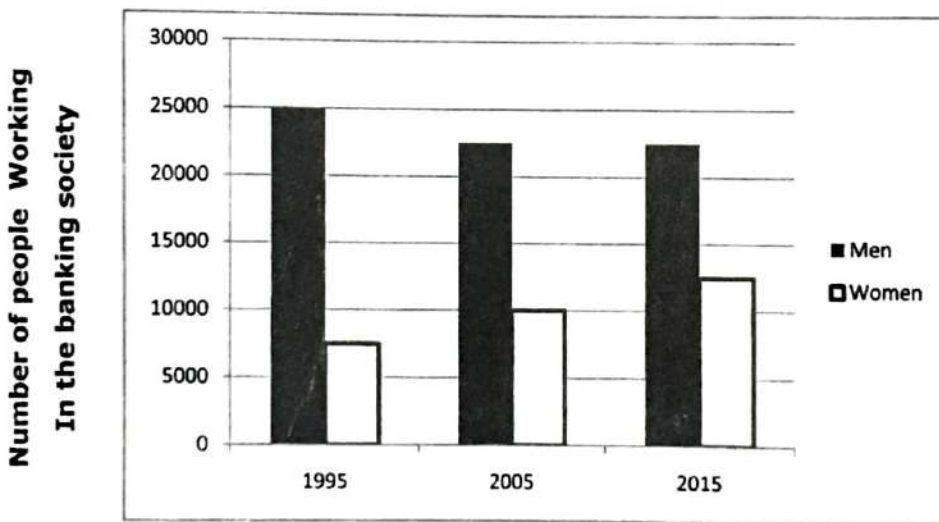
**IV A Read the following comprehension passage and answer the questions (5x1=5)**

Though much is said about the need to encourage grass roots innovators, the reality is that there are too many hurdles in their path. No one knows this better than Mangal Singh an innovator from Lalitpur District (Bundelkhand Region) of Uttar Pradesh. It was around 1987 that Mangal Singh successfully demonstrated the Mangal Turbine in his native Bhailoni Lodh village. The turbine lifts water from a river without using either diesel or electricity. Senior officials technocrats and researchers showered well deserved praise on the innovation and the innovator.

A study by IIT Delhi and Vigyan Shiksha Kendra found it very useful and cost effective, helpful not only in agriculture but also for small-scale industries. Later other scholars affirmed impressive reduction in greenhouse gas emissions achieved by the Mangal Turbine. Despite obtaining a patent and a bagful of endorsements at a relatively early age, Mangal Singh and his innovation have been victims of apathy and neglect over the last three decades. Although he has worked to spread the word about his innovation, visiting several states, age and discouragement have taken a toll on his health. The government should take immediate steps to give the Mangal Turbine importance in programmes relating to irrigation drinking water and renewable energy. Several lift irrigation projects in the country are non-functional today for a number of reasons. The Mangal Turbine can be used at suitable sites to give a new lease of life to these projects.

1. What did Mangal Singh innovate and where?
2. How does Mangal Singh's innovation work?
3. Name the institutions that lauded Mangal Singh's innovation.
4. What has Mangal Singh faced over the last three decades?
5. What does the government need to do regarding Mangal Singh's innovation?

**B The bar chart below shows the number of men and women working in the banking sector in New York city. Summarise the information in the chart by selecting and reporting the main features. Make comparisons where relevant. (5)**



**C Write a short story on the following topic (5)**  
The young man missed the train

**D Prepare an MC's draft for the Republic Day Celebration at School. (5)**

\*\*\*\*\*



G 150.2

(2017 batch onwards)

Reg. No.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)  
Mangaluru**

**B.A./B.Sc. /B.Com./B.B.A/B.C.A Semester II – Degree Examination  
April – 2019**

**FRENCH**

**Time: 3 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 100**

**I. Mettez les verbes au passé composé ou à l'imparfait :**

**(10)**

- Il est 20h 30. Tu es encore en retard ! Nous (avoir) ..... rendez-vous à 20h.  
- Tu m' (dire) ..... de ne pas venir trop tôt. Tu n' (être)..... pas sûr d'être à l'heure au rendez-vous.
- Qu'est-ce que tu (faire) ..... quand tu (sortir) ..... du bureau ?  
- Il (faire) ..... beau. Je (se promener)..... Je (revoir) ..... une vieille amie, nous (parler) ..... et nous (prendre) ..... un café.

**II. Mettez les verbes suivants au futur simple :**

**(10)**

- Cette année, j' (organiser) ..... mieux mon travail. Je (finir)..... moins tard.
- Tu (venir) ..... me voir un week-end sur deux. Nous (pouvoir) ..... Partir plus longtemps en vacances.
- Je (faire) ..... du sport plus souvent. Nous (aller) ..... ensemble à la piscine.
- Mes enfants (lire) ..... plus. Mon mari les (emmener) ..... à la bibliothèque.
- Mes amis, vous nous (visiter) ..... chaque semaine. Nous vous (inviter)..... pour le déjeuner.

**III. Complétez avec qui, que, où :**

**(10)**

- J'ai une amie ..... s'appelle Emma.
- Elle a compris ..... il ne supporte pas la musique rock.
- Voici le studio ..... Madonna enregistrait tous ses CD.
- C'est la chanson ..... mon frère chantait tout le temps.
- Visitez la Provence ..... est une belle région
- Je connais l'histoire ..... vous intéresse beaucoup.
- La fille ..... a une valise cherche son billet.
- C'est un magasin ..... il y a une bonne collection de chaussures.
- J'ai téléchargé le film ..... tu as vu hier.
- Goutez le plat ..... on a préparé.

**IV. Remplissez avec les pronoms « en » ou « y » :**

**(5)**

- Tu es allé à l'anniversaire d'Anita ?- Oui, j' ..... suis allé.
- Elle se souvient encore de moi ?- Oui, elle s' ..... souvient.
- Tu as fait un cadeau ?- Oui, j' ..... ai fait un.
- Elle a toujours la nostalgie du Brésil ?- Oui, elle ..... a toujours la nostalgie.
- Tu as pensé à parler de notre prochaine voyage au Canada ?- Oui, j' ..... pensé.

**V. Répondez aux questions en utilisant un pronom :**

**(5)**

Exemple : Tu connais l'auteur ?- Oui, je le connais

- Tu as lu son dernier livre ?
- Tu as aimé l'histoire ?
- Tu achètes souvent les romans policiers ?
- Tu aimes aussi les films policiers ?
- Tu as invité Pierre ?

**VI. Mettez les verbes à l'impératif :**

**(5)**

- (Organiser) ..... mieux notre travail. (nous)
- (Apprendre) ..... à programmer tes activités. (tu)
- (Faire) ..... la liste des priorités. (vous)
- (Attendre) ..... la meilleur moment pour prendre rendez-vous. (vous)
- (Commencer) ..... ton travail. (tu)



## VII. Reformulez avec l'adverbe en -ment :

(5)

Exemple : M. Martin se comporte ..... (de manière positive)

M. Martin se comporte **positivement**

1. Mlle. Vidal a interrompu son stage ..... (avec brutalité)
2. M. Jiménez est très compétent ..... (de manière apparente)
3. M. Ming : c'est le meilleur ..... (de manière incontestable)
4. M. Fouillol s'est opposé ..... (avec violence) à ses collègues
5. M. Andrieux a tout compris ..... (de manière immédiate)

## VIII. Lisez et répondez aux questions :

(10)

À Visan, les touristes vont à la ferme

Pas un villageois n'y échappe « La Ferme » de TF1, est aujourd'hui le principal sujet de discussion à Visan (Vaucluse), du salon de coiffure à la boulangerie. C'est dans ce village de 1638 habitants que sont implantés les locaux de la nouvelle émission de télé-réalité. Une vingtaine de célébrités sont enfermées dans une ferme pour y travailler.

Au village, il y a les pous et les contres. Mais les enthousiastes sont plus nombreux. Au café le patron allume la télé à l'heure de l'émission : « Les clients la regarde, chacun y va de son commentaire. Souvent les passants nous demande où est située la ferme. » Des passants parfois envahissants : 400 voitures ont débarqué le lundi de Pâques.

« Je n'avais jamais vu autant de monde à Visan » confie Claude, agriculteur.

Certains bénéficient déjà de retombées économiques, comme Géraldine, la boulangère : « On fournit de 30 à 80 baguettes par jours à la production, c'est rentable » Theo, de la cave de Visan, livre à la ferme entre 50 et 60 bouteilles tous les dix jours : « Nous sommes dans une région viticole. Si seulement 10% des téléspectateurs retiennent que les célébrités boivent du vin de chez nous, on aura réussi. »

D'autres sont plus critiques. Raphael, aide-soignant, espérait « que 'La Ferme' donnerait une meilleure image de Visan. Mais les journalistes nous snobent et nous étiquettent 'paysans'. Vivement que tout soit fini, que le village redevienne ce qu'il était. » Il ne reste donc plus qu'à attendre. Attendre de retrouver la tranquillité pour certains, attendre les retombées financières pour d'autres.

20 minutes, jeudi 29 avril 2004

1. Ce texte vient de quel journal ?
2. Combien d'habitants y-a-t-il dans le village ?
3. Quelle type d'émission est « La Ferme » ?
4. Quelle est la profession de Claude ?
5. Pourquoi Raphael n'aime pas « La Ferme » ?
6. Quelle est la retombée économique pour Géraldine ?
7. Les habitants de Visan, sont-ils tous contents de la présence de TF1 ?
8. Pourquoi les touristes vont à la ferme ?
9. Theo, qu'est-ce qu'il livre à la ferme ?
10. Nommez la/les émission(s) de télé-réalité que vous avez vu.

IX. Ecrivez deux dialogues :

(20)

1. Votre ami(e) a un entretien pour trouver du travail. Vous lui donnez des conseils.
2. Vous êtes invité dans votre famille avec votre ami(e). Mais votre ami(e) hésite à venir parce qu'il/elle ne connaît personne dans votre famille.
3. Vous retrouvez un(e) ami(e) que vous n'avez pas vu(e) depuis longtemps. Imaginez la scène.

X. Ecrivez deux lettres :

(20)

1. Vous écrivez à votre ami(e). Vous lui décrivez vos vacances d'été.
2. Vous avez envie de faire un stage dans une entreprise française (lettre ou message au DRH : directeur des ressources humaines).
3. Vous avez participé dans une fête. Vous écrivez à votre ami(e). Vous lui décrivez la fête (de votre pays ou d'un pays que vous connaissez)

\*\*\*\*\*

G 151.2

Reg. No:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)**

**Mangaluru**

**B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A./B.C.A Semester II – Degree Examination**

**April – 2019**

**MALAYALAM**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**I ഒന്നോ രണ്ടോ വാക്യത്തിൽ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക (2x 5=10)**

- 1 ടി. പത്മനാഭൻ എന്ന കഥാകൃത്തിന്റെയും അദ്ദേഹത്തിന്റെ കഥാപാത്രങ്ങളുടെയും പ്രത്യേകതയെന്ത് ?
- 2 എഴുത്തുകാരി മേബിളയായിയെ ഇഷ്ടപ്പെട്ടതെന്തുകൊണ്ട് ?
- 3 ദുർവ്വാസാവിന്റെ ശാപം എന്തായിരുന്നു ?
- 4 സൂരിനബുതിരിപ്പടിൽ വന്ന ഏതെല്ലാം മാറ്റങ്ങളാണ് ഇന്ദുലേഖയെ അബരപ്പിച്ചത് ?
- 5 ചുടുകാട്ടിൽ കിടക്കുന്ന വാസവദത്തയുടെ അവസ്ഥ എന്തായിരുന്നു ?

**II നാലെണ്ണത്തിന്റെ സന്ദർഭവും സാരസ്യവും വ്യക്തമാക്കുക (4x5=20)**

- 6 സത്യമോർക്കുകിൽ സംസാരയാത്രയിൽ പാപത്തിൽ- കഴൽ കൂത്തിടാതെ കടന്നവർ കാണുകില്ലെടോ..
- 7 പണ്ടാരിക്കൽ തന്നെ ബാസ്തവിക്കാൻ വന്ന നബുതിരിപ്പാടാണ് തന്റെ അരികിലിരുന്ന് ഇങ്ങനെ ക്ഷമാപണത്തോടെ സംസാരിക്കുന്നതെന്ന് വിശ്വസിക്കാനേ ഇന്ദുലേഖക്ക് കഴിഞ്ഞില്ല.
- 8 ഒരിക്കലൈങ്കിലും അവസാനം വരെ എഴുത്തുകാരുടെ സംവാദങ്ങളിൽ പങ്കെടുക്കുവാൻ എനിക്കു കഴിഞ്ഞിട്ടില്ല.എന്റെ കാലിൽ മാംസത്തിൽ പൂണ്ടുകിടക്കുന്ന ഒരു പഞ്ചലോഹവളയമുള്ളതായിരുന്നു കാരണം .
- 9 എനിക്ക് ഒന്നും മനസ്സിലാക്കാൻ കഴിഞ്ഞില്ല. ഒന്നും! പക്ഷേ കവിതയും സംഗീതവുമൊന്നും ഒരിക്കലും എന്റെ വിഷയമായിരുന്നില്ലല്ലോ..
- 10 “അഗ്നിയല്ലാതെ ദഹിപ്പിക്കുമോ”
- 11 അന്തർദൃഷ്ടന്ത വീര്യത്തെ -  
യേന്തുന്ന് നിന്റെ പുത്രിയാൽ  
ഹന്ത! ദുമിക്കുദുതിക്കാക്കായ  
ചെന്തീയെ ശ്ലമിയെന്നപോൽ..

**III മൂന്നെണ്ണത്തിനു രണ്ടുപുറത്തിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക (3x10=30)**

- 12 “ഇന്ദുലേഖ രണ്ടാം ദിവസം” നൽകുന്ന സന്ദേശമെന്ത് ?
- 13 കത്തുകളിലൂടെയും ഡയറിക്കുറിപ്പുകളിലൂടെയും ഉരിത്തിരിഞ്ഞുവരുന്ന കമാനായികയുടെ അമ്മയുടെ വ്യക്തിത്വമെന്ത് ?
- 14 വാസവദത്തയുടെ ജീവിതത്തിൽ തോഴിക്കുള്ള സ്ഥാനമെന്ത് ?
- 15 കണ്ണമഹർഷി രാജാവിനു നൽകുന്ന സന്ദേശവും ശകുന്തളക്കു നൽകുന്ന ഉപദേശവും വ്യക്തമാക്കുക.
- 16 തന്റെ വീടും മേഖലയുമായുടെ വീടും തമ്മിലുള്ള വൈരുദ്ധ്യം എഴുത്തുകാരി വ്യക്തമാക്കുന്നതെങ്ങിനെ ?

**IV രണ്ടെണ്ണത്തിനു മൂന്നുപുറത്തിൽ കവിയാതെ ഉപന്യസിക്കുക (2x15=30)**

- 17 കമാനായികയായ വാസവദത്തയെ ‘കരുണയിൽ’ ആശാൻ അവതരിപ്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതെങ്ങിനെ ?
- 18 ശകുന്തളം നാലാമങ്കത്തെ ആസ്പതമാക്കി ശകുന്തളയുടെ സ്വഭാവം വിശകലനം ചെയ്യുക
- 19 ‘കടൽ’ എന്ന കഥയുടെ ശീർഷകത്തിന്റെ ഔചിത്യം പരിശോധിക്കുക

**V മലയാളത്തിലേക്ക് പരിഭാഷപ്പെടുത്തുക (1x10=10)**

20 One important change that has affected family life in India, as the break up of the joint family system. In the new family pattern, both parents work and go their way and children go their own way. Working parents Often have very little time to spend as a family and the adolescents pulsating with new energy and full of new experiences and questions, begin to get estranged from their part time parents. They then turn to peers and media for their role models. We see the power of peers and media increase as the family influences decrease.

\*\*\*\*\*



(2018 Batch onwards)

G 401.2

Reg. No:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)**  
**Mangaluru**  
**B.B.A. Semester II – Degree Examination**  
**April - 2019**

**FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING - II**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100  
(10x1=10)

**SECTION - A**

1. Answer all the following questions:

- a) Examples of non trading concerns are:  
i) Commercial banks                      ii) Civil hospitals  
iii) Joint Stock Company                iv) Private educational institutions
- b) Excess of Minimum Rent over Royalties is called  
i) Short workings    ii) Dead Rent    iii) Royalties    iv) None of the above
- c) The consignor is  
i) Principal    ii) Agent    iii) Debtor    iv) None of them
- d) If debit side of receipts and payment accounts exceeds credit, it represents  
i) cash at bank    ii) bank overdraft    iii) deficit balance    iv) surplus balance
- e) Royalty account is in the nature of  
i) Real account    ii) Nominal account    iii) Personal account    iv) Revenue account
- f) Depreciation is a process of \_\_\_\_\_  
i) valuation    ii) allocation    iii) reduction    iv) appreciation
- g) In branch account, goods sent by branch X to branch Y will be debited to  
i) branch K    ii) branch X    iii) branch Y    iv) branch Z
- h) The amount set a side for meeting future losses is \_\_\_\_\_  
i) reserve    ii) provision    iii) depreciation    iv) fund
- i) Under hire purchase system, the agreement can be \_\_\_\_\_  
i) renewed    ii) registered    iii) terminated    iv) endorsed
- j) What do you mean by consignment stock?

**SECTION - B**

(10x2=20)

2. Answer any TEN of the following questions in 2 or 3 sentences each:

- a. What are the various types of branches?  
b. State two features of installment system.  
c. What do you mean by loading?  
d. What is capital fund?  
e. What do you mean by goods in transit?  
f. What is sub lease?  
g. What do you mean by consignment stock?  
h. Can a seller seize goods under the installment system? Why?

Contd...2

- i. State the meaning of income and expenditure account.
- j. What is account sales?
- k. Define the term Royalty.
- l. Write any two reasons for charging depreciation.

**SECTION - C****(3x5=15)****Answer any THREE questions:**

3. Abraham and Balu were partners in a Joint Venture sharing profits and losses equally. Abraham supplied goods to the value of ₹ 2,500 and incurred expenses amounting to ₹ 200. Balu sold entire goods on behalf of the Joint Venture and realised ₹ 6,000. Balu was entitled to a commission of 5% on sales. Balu settled by them in the ratio of 3:2. Give journal entries in the books of Abraham and Balu.
4. Mr. X on 1<sup>st</sup> Jan 2014 took delivery from Mr. Y a machine on hire purchase system ₹ 1,500 being paid on delivery and the balance in five installment of ₹ 3,000 each payable annually on 31<sup>st</sup> December. The cash price of the machine was ₹ 15,000. Calculate the amount of interest for each year.
5. From the following details prepare branch account in the books of the head office

|  | ₹      |
|--|--------|
| Goods sent to branch at cost           | 50,000 |
| Goods returned by branch at cost       | 3,000  |
| Branch credit sales                    | 51,000 |
| Cash sales at branch                   | 2,500  |
| Cash remitted to Head Office by branch | 45,000 |
| Expenses paid by Head Office           | 10,000 |
| Discount allowed to customer by branch | 1,800  |
| Closing stock with branch at cost      | 17,000 |
| Closing debtors (closing balance)      | 7,000  |

6. Philips radio Chennai dispatched 100 transistors at ₹ 800 each to radio palace to Mumbai, Philips radio paid ₹ 1,750 as freight, ₹ 150 as cartage and ₹ 500 as insurance 10 sets were totally damaged during transit. Radio palace received 90 sets and it incurred the following expenses. Customs duty ₹ 1,000, clearing charges ₹ 500, warehousing ₹ 1,200, insurance ₹ 600 and sales expenses ₹ 800. Radio palace sold only 60 sets. You are required to calculate the value of Abnormal loss and consignment stock.

**SECTION - D****(3x15=45)****Answer any THREE questions:**

7. Mr. Kiran the author of an accountancy text book entered into royalty agreement with Bangalore Publishers Ltd on 1.4.2012. The terms were a royalty of ₹ 50 per copy sold, be payable subject to a minimum rent of ₹ 4,00,000 p.a. with right to recover the short workings during the subsequent two years from the year in which shortworking arises. Other details as follows:

**Contd...3**

| Year    | No. of copies printed | Closing stock |
|---------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 2012-13 | 6,200                 | 1,200         |
| 2013-14 | 8,000                 | 1,800         |
| 2014-15 | 9,000                 | 2,000         |
| 2015-16 | 10,000                | 1,500         |
| 2016-17 | 12,000                | 1,000         |

Prepare necessary ledger accounts in the books of Bangalore Publishers Ltd.

8. From the following Receipts and Payment account of cricket club and the additional information given, prepare the income and expenditure account for the year ending 31.12.2018 and the balance sheet as on that date:

Receipts and Payment a/c for the year 31.12.2018

|  | ₹               |                              | ₹               |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| To balance b/d                               |                 | By maintenance               | 6,820           |
| Cash   | 3,520           |                              |                 |
| Bank   | 27,380          |                              |                 |
| Fixed deposits @ 6%                          | 30,000          |                              |                 |
| To subscription (including ₹ 6,000 for 2017) | 40,000          | By crockery purchased        | 2,650           |
| To entrance fees                             | 2,750           | By match expenses            | 13,240          |
| To Donations                                 | 5,010           | By salaries                  | 11,000          |
| To interest on fixed deposit                 | 900             | By conveyance                | 820             |
| To Tournament fund                           | 20,000          | By upkeep of lawns           | 4,240           |
| To sale of crockery (Book Value ₹ 1,200)     | 2,000           | By postage stamps            | 1,050           |
|  |                 | By purchase of cricket goods | 9,720           |
|  |                 | By sundry expenses           | 2,000           |
|  |                 | By investment                | 5,700           |
|  |                 | By tournament expenses       | 18,800          |
|  |                 | By balance c/d               |                 |
|  |                 | Cash                         | 2,200           |
|  |                 | Bank                         | 23,320          |
|  |                 | Fixed deposits @6%           | 30,000          |
|  | <b>1,31,560</b> |                              | <b>1,31,560</b> |

Additional information:

- Salary outstanding ₹ 1,000
- Opening balance of stock of postage and stationery and cricket goods ₹ 750 and ₹ 3,210 respectively. Closing stock of the same is ₹ 900 and ₹ 2,800 respectively.
- Outstanding subscription for 2017 and 2018 is ₹ 6,000 and ₹ 8,000 respectively.

Contd...4



9. The following trial balance was extracted from the books of Ganesh Ltd as on 31.3.2018.

| Particulars                 | Debit (₹)       | Credit (₹)      |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Capital                     | ----            | 1,00,000        |
| Drawings                    | 20,000          | ----            |
| Stock on 1.4.2017           |                 |                 |
| A department                | 11,400          | ----            |
| B department                | 9,800           | ----            |
| Purchase and sales          |                 |                 |
| A department                | 39,600          | 74,000          |
| B department                | 37,400          | 66,300          |
| Inter department transfers  |                 |                 |
| A department                | ----            | 2,500           |
| B department                | 2,500           | ----            |
| Returns inwards             |                 |                 |
| A department                | 3,500           | ----            |
| B department                | 2,800           | ----            |
| Wages & salaries            | 16,500          | ----            |
| Advertising                 | 8,700           | ----            |
| Dividend on shares in B Ltd | ----            | 1,050           |
| Shares in B Ltd             | 23,000          | ----            |
| Debtors & creditors         | 49,200          | 29,740          |
| Carriage inwards            | 2,400           | ----            |
| Rent & rates                | 18,300          | ----            |
| Furniture                   | 15,000          | ----            |
| Sundry expenses             | 7,400           | ----            |
| Bank                        | 6,840           | ----            |
| Provision for bad debts     | ----            | 750             |
|                             | <b>2,74,340</b> | <b>2,74,340</b> |

Prepare departmental trading and P/L a/c and a Balance sheet as at 31.3.2018 after making the following adjustments.

- Inter department transfers were made at cost price
  - Stock on 31.3.2018 A department - ₹ 29,600, B department - ₹ 17,000
  - Depreciate furniture by 10%
  - Advertising to be apportioned equally
  - Other expenses to be allocated as A department 2/3, B department 1/3.
10. From the following particulars prepare the branch a/c and goods sent to branch a/c in the books of Head Office. The goods are supplied at cost plus 25%.  
 Stock on 1.1.2018 at invoice price ₹ 27,000  
 Debtors at branch on 1.1.2018 ₹ 22,500  
 Petty cash on 1.1.2018 ₹ 60  
 Goods sent to branch during the year at invoice ₹ 1,50,000  
 Cash sales ₹ 63,000  
 Credit sales ₹ 1,11,000  
 Goods returned by branch ₹ 4,500  
 Cash sent to branch for:  
 Salary ₹ 10,800 Rent ₹ 8,400 Petty cash ₹ 1,950  
 Cash received from branch debtors ₹ 1,18,200  
 Discount allowed from debtors ₹ 1,800  
 Stock at branch on 31.12.2018 at invoice price ₹ 33,900  
 Petty cash on 31.12.2018 ₹ 90  
 All cash received by the branch is remitted to the Head office.

### SECTION - E

(1x10=10)

#### Compulsory question:

11. On 1<sup>st</sup> Jan 2014 a mini bus is purchased for ₹ 1,60,000 under hire purchase agreement. The amount payable is ₹ 40,000 on 1.1.2014 on entering the agreement and the balance in three installment of ₹ 50,000 each at the end of the year. Depreciation is charged at 10% on written down value method. Prepare Mini bus account, Interest account and Hire vendors account in the books of the purchaser.

\*\*\*\*\*

(2018 Batch Onwards)

G 401.2a

Reg. No.:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

**St Aloysius College (Autonomous)  
Mangaluru**

**B.B.A. (CIMA) Semester II – Degree Examination  
April - 2019**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

**SECTION – A (MCQ type questions) – Compulsory**

1. Answer **ALL** the following questions. (10x1=10)

- a. Which of the following is an initial requirement of a management control system?
- A. Establishing the standard to be achieved      B. Measuring the actual performance  
C. Setting organizational objectives      D. Taking appropriate corrective action

b. The total cost of production for two levels of activity is as follows:

|                    | Level 1 | Level 2 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|
| Production (Units) | 3,000   | 5,000   |
| Total Cost (\$)    | 6,750   | 9,250   |

The variable production cost per unit and the total fixed production cost both remain constant in the range of activity shown.

What is the variable production cost per unit?

- A. \$0.80      B. \$1.25  
C. \$1.85      D. \$2.25

c. The amount received by the employee after deductions is known as .....

- A. Gross wage      B. Net wage  
C. Overtime      D. None of the above

d. Which of the following would best present the number of manufacturing companies in different areas of the country over time?

- A. Compound bar chart      B. Line graph  
C. Pie chart      D. Scatter graph

e. A government funded hospital offers free treatment to patients. Which of the following is most likely principal budget factor?

- A. Demand      B. Labour hours  
C. Materials      D. Cash

f. A manufacturing company which currently operates in London, decides to hire a new supervisor considering the decision, suggest at what levels the decision would be made.

- A. Strategic      B. Operational  
C. Tactical      D. None of these

g. What part of a business is an investment centre?

- A. A part that is involved in financial services      B. A part that utilizes equipment and machinery  
C. A part for which management is responsible for both revenues and operating costs      D. A part for which management is responsible for decisions regarding the purchase of noncurrent assets

Contd...2



## G 401.2a

- h. Which of the following are advantages of setting up a shared service centre?
- |                                       |                  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| A. Close to the business              | B. Cost savings  |
| C. Efficient utilization of resources | D. None of these |
- i. .... expresses the likelihood of an event occurring.
- |              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| A. Cost unit | B. Budget      |
| C. Variance  | D. probability |
- j. Identify the advantage of IRR.
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| A. Fairly complicated to calculate               | B. Calculation only provides an estimate |
| C. It is not a measure of absolute profitability | D. None of these.                        |

## SECTION – B

2. Answer any **TEN** of the following questions in two to three sentences each. (10x2=20)
- What is Histograms?
  - Define fixed cost and variable cost.
  - What is operational planning and budgetary planning?
  - Mention any two mathematical techniques which can be used to analyse management data.
  - State any two benefits of contribution.
  - Mention any two contents of the budget manual.
  - What is material purchasing budget?
  - State any two advantages of IRR.
  - Distinguish between financial accounting and management accounting.
  - What is Historical cost?
  - Mention any two non-relevant costs.
  - Write any two advantages and disadvantages of high-low method.

## SECTION – C

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than one page each. (3x5=15)

- Explain the classification of cost.
- Explain the three different levels of management.
- The following data relate to the overhead expenditure of contract cleaners at two activity levels:

| Overheads | Square meters cleaned |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| \$73,950  | 12,750                |
| \$83,585  | 15,100                |

Using the high-low method, what is the estimate of overhead cost if 16,200 square meters are to be cleaned?



G 401.2a

Page No.3

6. In a group of 100 CIMA students, 30 are male, 55 are studying certificate level & 6 of the male students are not studying certificate level.

A student chooses at random is female. What is the probability that she is not studying certificate level?

**SECTION - D**

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than two pages each.

(3x15=45)

7. Evaluate Pearson's correlation coefficient for the data on sales and advertising spend in the table below and interpret its value.

| Advertising expenditure<br>(\$ 000) | Total sales<br>(\$ 000) |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1.3                                 | 151.6                   |
| 0.9                                 | 100.1                   |
| 1.8                                 | 199.3                   |
| 2.1                                 | 221.2                   |
| 1.5                                 | 170.0                   |

8.

| Product | Budgeted production |               |
|---------|---------------------|---------------|
|         | 2018<br>Units       | 2019<br>Units |
| A       | 34                  | 50            |
| B       | 42                  | 32            |
| C       | 107                 | 126           |
| Total   | 183                 | 208           |

- Prepare : a) Multiple Bar Chart  
b) Compound Bar Chart  
c) Pie Chart

9. TVU has three production cost centres (Machining, assembly and finishing) & one service cost centre (stores).

|                                    | Machining | Assembly | Finishing | Stores |
|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|
| Area occupied (Sq. meters)         | 24,000    | 36,000   | 16,000    | 4,000  |
| Number of employees                | 400       | 800      | 200       | 20     |
| Plant & equipment at cost (\$ 000) | 1,400     | 200      | 60        | 10     |
| Direct labour hours                | 16,000    | 32,000   | 4,000     | -      |
| Direct wages (\$)                  | 32,600    | 37,200   | 7,200     | -      |
| Machine hours                      | 32,000    | 4,000    | 200       | -      |
| Store requisitions                 | 310       | 1,112    | 100       | -      |

| Allocated costs    | \$    | \$     | \$    | \$    |
|--------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| Indirect wages     | 9,000 | 15,000 | 4,000 | 6,000 |
| Indirect materials | 394   | 1,400  | 600   | -     |
| Maintenance        | 1,400 | 600    | 100   | -     |
| Power              | 1,600 | 400    | 200   | -     |

| Other costs (in total)              | \$     |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Rent                                | 2,000  |
| Business rates                      | 600    |
| Buildings insurance                 | 200    |
| Lighting & heating                  | 400    |
| Depreciation on plant and equipment | 16,700 |
| Wage related costs                  | 28,200 |
| Administration & HR                 | 7,100  |
| Insurance on plant and equipment    | 1,670  |
| Factory cleaning                    | 800    |
|                                     | 57,670 |

The data above distinguish between those costs which can be allocated to a cost centre and those which cannot. The first step is to construct an overhead analysis sheet having separate columns for each cost centre, together with a column for the total costs, a description of the cost item and the basis upon which the cost has been apportioned between the cost centres if applicable.

10. JKL Hotel operates a budgeting system and budgets expenditure over eight budget centres as shown below. Analysis of past expenditure patterns indicates that variable costs in some budget centres vary according to occupied room nights (ORN) while in others the variable proportion of costs varies according to the number of visitors (V).

The budgeted expenditure for a period with 2000 ORN and 4,300 V were as follows:

| Budget Centre  | Variable Costs vary with; | Budgeted Expenditure \$ | Budget Notes   |
|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Cleaning       | ORN                       | 13,250                  | \$2.50 per ORN |
| Laundry        | V                         | 15,025                  | \$1.75 per V   |
| Reception      | ORN                       | 13,100                  | \$12,100 fixed |
| Maintenance    | ORN                       | 11,100                  | \$0.80 per ORN |
| House keeping  | V                         | 19,600                  | \$11,000 fixed |
| Administration | ORN                       | 7,700                   | \$0.20 per ORN |
| Catering       | V                         | 21,460                  | \$2.20 per V   |
| overheads      | -                         | 11,250                  | All fixed      |
|                |                           | 1,12,485                |                |

In period 9, with 1850 ORN and 4575 V actual expenditure were as follows:

| Budget Centre  | Actual Expenditure<br>\$ |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| Cleaning       | 13,292                   |
| Laundry        | 14,574                   |
| Reception      | 13,855                   |
| Maintenance    | 10,462                   |
| House keeping  | 19,580                   |
| Administration | 7,930                    |
| Catering       | 23,053                   |
| overheads      | 11,325                   |
|                | 1,14,071                 |

Required:

- The total budget cost allowances (to the nearest \$) for the costs for period 9 are - 1) cleaning 2) laundry 3) reception 4) maintenance 5) housekeeping 6) general overheads
- The total budget cost allowance in the flexible budget for period 9 is \$113,521. The total budget variance for period 9 is \$.....  
The variance is Adverse/favourable.

**SECTION - E**

(1x10=10)

11. ABC makes only one product, the unit costs of which are:

|                              |     |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Direct materials             | \$3 |
| Direct labour                | \$6 |
| Variable production overhead | \$2 |
| Fixed production overhead    | \$4 |
| Variable selling cost        | \$5 |

The selling price of one unit is \$21.

Budgeted fixed overheads are based on budgeted production of 5,000 units.

Opening inventory was 1,000 units and closing inventory was 4,000 units.

Sales during the period were 3,000 units and actual fixed production overheads incurred were \$25,000.

- Calculate the total contribution earned during the period and also calculate the total profit or loss for the period under marginal costing and absorption costing.
- Reconcile the profits calculated.

\*\*\*\*\*





**SECTION - B**

2. Answer the following any **TEN** questions in two or three sentences each. (10x2=20)

- a) What is decision-making and forward planning?
- b) What is Marginal cost?
- c) What is Perfect competition?
- d) What is Price discount?
- e) What is Pricing Policies?
- f) What is dumping?
- g) Give the meaning of price Discrimination.
- h) What is product differentiation?
- i) What is innovation?
- j) What is Cartels?
- k) What is Producers surplus?
- l) State the loanable funds theory of interest.

**SECTION - C**

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than one page each. (3x5=15)

3. Explain the scope of Managerial Economics.
4. Write a note on total revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue.
5. State the meaning and features of oligopoly.
6. Explain the relationship between AR and MR under perfect and imperfect competition.

**SECTION - D**

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than two pages each. (3x15=45)

7. Critically examine the Ricardian theory of rent.
8. Explain the equilibrium of the firm under monopoly in the short run and long run.
9. Explain the cost- output relationship in the short run.
10. State the role and responsibilities of a Managerial Economist.

**SECTION - E**

**Case study Compulsory :**

(1x10=10)

11. Explain and illustrate break-even chart.

\*\*\*\*\*





**SECTION - B****(10x2=20)**2. Answer any **TEN** of the following questions

- Find the simple Interest and amount payable for ₹10,000 for 5 years at 6% p.a
- The rate of trade discount and cash discount on a TV set costing ₹20,000/- are 3% and 2.5% find the selling price.
- If  $Cov(x,y)=12965$ ,  $\sigma_x = 12.83$ ,  $\sigma_y = 15.79$ . Find coefficient of correlation.
- State any two properties of regression coefficients.
- How do you identify unbounded solution in a simplex table?
- An infinite GP has first term 6 and the sum 8. Find the GP.
- Find the sum of first 13 terms of an AP of which 7<sup>th</sup> term is 40.
- Distinguish between slack and surplus variables.
- Index Numbers are "economic barometers". Explain
- State the problems found in the construction of Index Number of prices.
- Two numbers are in the ratio 2:3. If 5 is added to each number, the ratio becomes 5:7. Find the numbers.
- What do you mean by Bankers discount & True discount?

**SECTION - C**Answer any **THREE** questions**(3x5=15)**

3. Calculate the cost of living Index Number using family budget method.

| Group           | Index number | Weights |
|-----------------|--------------|---------|
| Food            | 350          | 10      |
| Fuel & lighting | 150          | 2       |
| Clothing        | 200          | 2       |
| House rent      | 150          | 2       |
| Miscellaneous   | 225          | 4       |

4. For the data related to price index and production index, estimate price index when the production index is 116.

|            | Production Index | Price Index |
|------------|------------------|-------------|
| AM         | 110              | 98          |
| SD         | 12               | 5           |
| $r = -0.4$ |                  |             |

- Suppose the three bills for ₹5,800, ₹9,000 and ₹3,600 are due respectively on 2<sup>nd</sup> July, 6<sup>th</sup> August and 20<sup>th</sup> September. Find the equated due date.
- A paper mill produces two grades of paper namely X & Y. Owing to raw material restrictions it cannot produce more than 400 tons of grade X and 300 tons of grade Y in a week. There are 160 production hours in a week. It requires 0.2 and 0.4 hours to produce a ton of products X and Y respectively with corresponding profits of ₹200 and ₹500 per ton. Formulate above as an LPP.

G 403.2

Page No.3

**SECTION - D**

Answer any **THREE** questions:

(3x15=45)

7. a) Solve the following LPP graphically

(10)

$$\text{Maximize } z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$$

$$\text{s.t } x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 2000$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 1500$$

$$x_2 \leq 600$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

- b) If  $y$  is the mean proportional between  $x$  and  $z$  then show that  
 $x : z = x^2 : y^2$

(5)

8. Following are the weights of 9 mothers and their babies at the time of delivery.

|              |     |     |     |    |     |     |     |     |     |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mother (kgs) | 54  | 60  | 49  | 57 | 68  | 55  | 62  | 60  | 58  |
| Baby (kgs)   | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4  | 2.4 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 3.5 |

- i) Obtain the two regression equations.  
ii) Find the correlation coefficient  
iii) Estimate the weight of a baby whose mother's weight is 50 kgs.

9. a) Calculate Fisher's Price Index number for the following data

(10)

| Commodity | 2015  |             | 2017  |             |
|-----------|-------|-------------|-------|-------------|
|           | Price | Expenditure | Price | Expenditure |
| A         | 8     | 80          | 10    | 120         |
| B         | 10    | 120         | 12    | 96          |
| C         | 5     | 40          | 5     | 50          |
| E         | 4     | 56          | 3     | 60          |
|           | 20    | 100         | 25    | 150         |

- b) "Fisher's Index number is an Ideal Index number". Justify.

(5)

10. a) The bankers gain on a certain bill due after 6 months at 16% interest per annum is ₹40. Find the

i) Face value of the bill    ii) True discount    iii) Bankers Discount.

- b) A sum triples in 10 years. If interest is compounded half yearly find the nominal and effective rate of interests.

- c) How many terms of the AP 3,7,11,15,... should be taken so that the sum is 406?

**SECTION - E**

**Compulsory :**

(1x10=10)

11. Using simplex method solve the following LPP

$$\text{Maximize } z = x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$$

$$\text{s.t } 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 3$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 2$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

\*\*\*\*\*

(2018 Batch Onwards)

Reg. No.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

St Aloysius College (Autonomous)

Mangaluru

B.B.A. Semester II – Degree Examination

April 2019

Marketing Management

Time: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

SECTION – A

(10x1=10)

1. Answer **ALL** the following questions.

- a) Marketers can apply branding on
- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a) Physical goods | b) Services      |
| c) Organisation   | d) all the above |
- b) The desire to have a commodity or service is called.
- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| a) Utility | b) Want    |
| c) Goods   | d) Welfare |
- c) \_\_\_\_\_ is to evaluate each segment's attractiveness and select one or more of the market segments.
- |                        |                      |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| a) Market segmentation | b) Market targeting  |
| c) Market positioning  | d) Market evaluation |
- d) The brand choice is heavily influenced by reference group in which stage of product life cycle.
- |                 |            |
|-----------------|------------|
| a) Introduction | b) Growth  |
| c) Maturity     | d) Decline |
- e) A firm using \_\_\_\_\_ strategy targets market segments and designs separate offers for each segment.
- |                               |                             |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) Concentrated marketing     | b) Mass marketing           |
| c) Undifferentiated marketing | d) Differentiated marketing |
- f) As soon as ideas are short listed, best idea leads to development of
- |                      |                       |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Product concept   | b) Production concept |
| c) Promotion concept | d) Societal concept   |
- g) Evaluation of profitability of each segment is called
- |                        |                    |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| a) Market segmentation | b) Positioning     |
| c) Targeting           | d) Differentiation |
- h) The concept of quality encompasses many factors, and the perception of quality rests solely with the \_\_\_\_\_
- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| a) Sellers | b) Customer |
| c) Price   | d) Value    |
- i) Formal statement by manufacturer of product regarding its performance is classified as \_\_\_\_\_
- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) Guarantees | b) Warranties |
| c) Labeling   | d) Packaging  |
- j) Step in information search in buying process, consumer search state is classified as.
- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| a) Less attention     | b) Data attention       |
| c) Research attention | d) Heightened attention |

Contd...2



**SECTION - B**

2. Answer the following any **TEN** questions in two or three sentences each. (10x2=20)

- a) What is Consumer market?
- b) State any three concepts of marketing.
- c) What do you mean by BCG model?
- d) Write the meaning of market positioning.
- e) What do you understand by International marketing management?
- f) What is product mix?
- g) What do you understand by societal marketing concept.
- h) What do you mean by buying motive?
- i) Write any three characteristics of consumer behavior.
- j) Give the meaning of branding and packaging.
- k) What do you understand by the term STP?
- l) Give the meaning of digital marketing.

**SECTION - C**

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than one page each. (3x5=15)

3. Explain the scope of Marketing?
4. What are the benefits of market segmentation?
5. Explain different types of buying decisions.
6. Identify various elements of Marketing mix.

**SECTION - D**

Answer any **THREE** questions in not less than two pages each. (3x15=45)

7. Analyse the stages in new product development.
8. Evaluate the functions of marketing.
9. Analyse the steps in buying decision process.
10. Explain the nature and approaches to international marketing.

**SECTION - E**

**Case study Compulsory :**

(1x10=10)

11. M/S Ayur beauty products was set up in 1999 by Mrs Pandey and has been a medium sized business firm. Its key activities were manufacturing and selling of herbal cosmetics and perfumes. Their top selling perfume "Musk" has been a favorite among young females and it has great demand. Its new raw material is an organic extract from musk-deers in Nepal. After a recent regulation enforced in Nepal, the trapping and killing of musk-deers has been restricted. This has pushed up the raw material price by 50%. Mr. Vineet has joined as a marketing manager of "M/S Ayur Beauty Products" and he seeks your advice on two grounds.

Questions

- a) Whether to raise the price of "Musk" perfume? If so, how will the customers respond to it?
- b) Whether to use synthetic (chemical) raw material? But this could prove false the company's claim of being a 'Herbal' Company.

\*\*\*\*\*

(2018 batch onwards)

G 702.2

Reg. No:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

St. Aloysius College (Autonomous)  
Mangaluru

B.Com./ B.B.A.- Semester II - Degree Examination

April - 2019

FOUNDATION COURSE IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND VALUE EDUCATION

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

**PART - A**  
**(Environmental Science)**

- I. Answer any TEN of the following questions: (2x10=20)
1. Define autecology.
  2. Expand CITES.
  3. Define Biodiversity. Mention the types of biodiversity.
  4. What are Endangered organisms?
  5. What is global warming?
  6. What are decomposers? Give example.
  7. Write any two effects of soil erosion.
  8. Mention any four conservatory measures of forest resources.
  9. What is Niche?
  10. Write the composition of atmosphere.
  11. Write the sources of water pollution.
  12. What is In-situ conservation?
- II. Answer any FOUR of the following questions: (5x4=20)
13. Define Natural resources. Write a note on renewable and nonrenewable resources.
  14. Define noise pollution. Explain the effects of noise pollution.
  15. Explain the biotic and abiotic components of pond ecosystem.
  16. Write a note on acid rain and ozone depletion.
  17. Write a note on CRZ (Coastal Regulation Zone).
- III. Answer any THREE of the following questions: (10x3=30)
18. Discuss the different values of Biodiversity.
  19. What is Solid Waste Management? Explain the control measures in brief.
  20. Explain the sources, effects and control of air pollution.
  21. What is Environment? Explain the different components of environment.

**PART - B**  
**(VALUE EDUCATION)**

**IV. Answer any FOUR questions in about 8-10 sentences each. Each question carries 5 marks: (5x4=20)**

22. Explain any three sexually transmitted infections.
23. Write a note on crisis during various stages of life span.
24. Name the types of drug and explain their effects.
25. What are the phases of addiction? Describe.
26. Explain the need for value clarification.
27. Explain the methods of coping with anger.

**V. Answer any ONE question in about 20 sentences. The question carries 10 marks: (10x1=10)**

28. Explain the misconceptions about counseling.
29. What is alcoholism? Explain its effects on family.

\*\*\*\*\*